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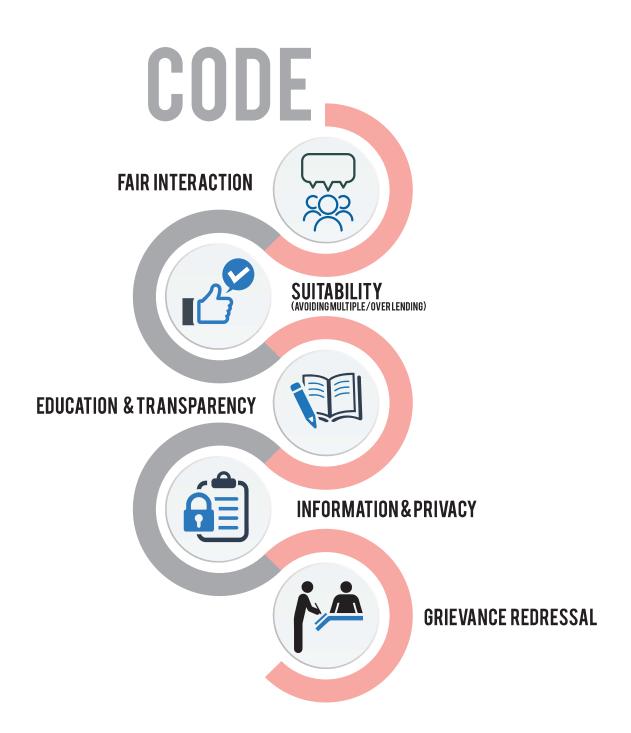
CODE FOR RESPONSIBLE LENDING

in Micro-credit









Code

The Code has five elements:

- a. Fair Interaction
- b. Suitability
- c. Education & Transparency
- d. Information & Privacy
- e. Grievance Redressal

a. Fair Interaction

- 1. Provider must ensure that customer is not unfairly discriminated against on grounds such as religion, caste, marital status or sexual orientation etc.
- 2. Provider must ensure that all employees and persons acting on its behalf.
 - Use respectful language, maintain decorum and are respectful of social and cultural sensitives
 - Do not use coercion of any sort to make recovery of loans
 - Do not intimidate or humiliate verbally or physically
 - Do not contact customers at odd hours or at inappropriate times such as bereavements, illness, social occasions such as marriages and births

b. Suitability (avoiding multiple/over lending)

- 1. Provider must assess customer's financial situation (income and expenses), credit requirement, repayment capacity and indebtedness based on information from the customer, Credit Information Report (CIR) and/or field level intelligence before disbursing a loan.
- 2. Provider must use a valid⁴ CIR before sanctioning any loan. It is clarified that valid CIR must be used for all loans including small value top-up loans, second and subsequent cycle loans.
- 3. Provider must disburse the loan commensurate with the customer's ability to repay. Prior to sanctioning of loans, Provider (based on micro-credit loans captured in the microfinance section of the CIR) must ensure that:
 - It does not become the fourth lender to a customer if a customer has active loans from three (3) different Providers. NBFC-MFIs are additionally required to ensure that not more than 2 NBFC-MFIs lend to a customer⁵. While calculating the count of lenders (not for the count of NBFC-MFIs), loans which have loan amount outstanding < Rs. 1,000 may be excluded.
 - It does not breach the total indebtedness of Rs 1,25,000⁶ per customer. However, the cap of total indebtedness in Assam remains at Rs 1,00,000 per customer till further notice. It is reiterated that Provider must verify the total indebtedness of customer factoring all unsecured micro-credit loans (individual as well as group) captured in the microfinance section of the CIR prior to sanctioning of the loan.⁷

⁴ CIR is considered as 'valid' for 15 calendar days from the date of extraction of the CIR. This implies Provider needs to disburse loan to customer within 15 calendar days from date of extracting her CIR.

⁵ As per the RBI Directions for the NBFC-MFIs.

⁶ This is as per RBI's press release on review of limits dated November 08, 2019: https://www.rbi.org.in/Scripts/NotificationUser.

aspx?ld=11727&Mode=0. SROs may advise different indebtedness caps for specific states/districts as required. 7 Loan, if any availed towards meeting education and medical expenses shall be excluded while arriving at the total indebtedness of a customer.

- It does not sanction/disburse a loan to customer who has non-performing (delinquency > dpd 90 days⁸) accounts with loan amount outstanding > Rs 1,000 with another Provider.⁹

c. Education & Transparency

- 1. Provider must provide the key information to the customer and include them in the loan documents such as loan application, loan sanction letter/loan agreement and loan card. This must include:
 - Identity and address of the Provider
 - Identity and address of the customer
 - Product details (loan amount, tenure, repayment frequency, annualised interest rate on reducing balance method¹⁰, processing fee, any other charges or fees howsoever described, total amount payable, total charges recovered towards premium of credit-linked life insurance cover, coverage amount and risks covered, if applicable and other key terms and conditions)
 - Details of customer grievance redressal system
- 2. Provider must communicate all the terms and conditions to customers in the official regional language or a language understood by them.
- 3. Provider must provide a receipt for every payment received from the customer.
- 4. Provider must take measures (such as training, assessment and periodic interactions with customers) to ensure that customers fully understand the products, process and terms of the contract.

d. Information & Privacy

- 1. Provider must obtain copies of KYC documents from customers as per RBI norms.
- 2. Provider must upload accurate and comprehensive customer data with all RBI approved Credit Information Companies' (CICs) as per Uniform Credit Data Format on a weekly basis.
- 3. Provider must promptly address any dispute raised by the customer about her data with CICs.
- 4. Provider must keep personal customer information strictly confidential. Customer information may be disclosed to a third-party subject to any of the following conditions:
 - Such information is required to be provided under the law or it is provided for a mandated business purpose (for example, to credit information companies)
 - Customer has been informed about such disclosure and prior permission has been obtained in writing
 - The party in question has been authorized by the customer with intimation to the Provider to obtain customer information

e. Grievance Redressal

1. Provider must provide a robust customer grievance redressal system to address customer complaints in an effective and timely manner.

2. Provider must clearly communicate the details of customer grievance redressal in branches, loan documents and other communication materials.

⁸ If applicant contests on her delinquent account status in CIR or share that her delinquent account is attributed to withdrawal/closure of operation of micro-credit Provider in her area, Provider must support her to resolve the issues by contacting with CICs, relevant Providers or the SROs, as required.

⁹ Exception to this is available to loans affected by natural calamities which are qualified under RBI Guidelines for Relief Measures in areas affected by Natural Calamities for Banks and NBFCs https://www.rbi.org.in/scripts/NotificationUser.aspx?ld=11394&Mode=0, https://www.rbi.org.in/Scripts/BS CircularIndexDisplay.aspx?ld=10531

¹⁰ NBFC-MFIs are required to follow the RBI Directions with respect to pricing including interest rate and processing fee.

Governance & Enforcement

- 1. Provider must get the CRL signed by the Chief Executive (or equivalent senior management personnel), backed by a Board resolution of the company¹¹.
- 2. Provider adopting the CRL must take the responsibility to align own policies and process to adhere to the norms of CRL.
- 3. Provider adopting the CRL must take the responsibility to incorporate professional governance system to ensure that employees and persons acting on their behalf are oriented and trained to follow the CRL into practice.
- 4. Provider adopting the CRL must voluntarily agree to CRL's governance & enforcement framework to ensure adherence to the CRL.
- 5. Provider adopting CRL must assign a dedicated CRL Coordinator who will be the focal point to coordinate on CRL.
- 6. The implementation of the CRL will be guided by the Steering Committee comprising of representatives from different Providers (NBFC-MFIs, SFBs, Banks, NBFCs, Section 8 companies and industry associations) as under:

Banks: 1 seatSFBs: 1 seat

NBFC-MFIs: 2 seatsNBFCs: 1 seat

• Section 8 cpmapnies: 1 seat

- Industry Associations (IBA, FIDC, MFIN, Sa-Dhan): 1 seat each
- 7. MFIN and Sa-Dhan shall act as facilitator for the implementation of CRL and the Steering Committee.
- 8. Steering Committee shall have a Terms of Reference (ToR).
- 9. Compliance would be based on three-pronged approach
 - Quarterly adherence report on/by Provider based on independent data from a Credit Information Company (CIC) in a standard template¹²
 - Peer complaint system whereby Providers can bring forth the instances of non-compliances to the Steering Committee
 - Monitoring and assessment facilitated by the Steering Committee
- 10. Based on changes in the regulations and data on industry and compliances, CRL shall be reviewed by the Steering Committee on a periodic basis.

¹¹ Refer to Annexure for suggested formats for Board resolution and sign-up

¹² Report from a CIC in a standard format (refer Annexure) will capture data for all new loans disbursed by a Provider during the quarter for their adherence to standards of CRL with respect to a) number of Providers (≤ 3) per customer, b) total indebtedness of Rs 125,000 per customer and c) loans to customers who have non-performing (delinquency > dpd 90 days) accounts with loan amount outstanding > Rs 1,000 with another Provider, d) submission of comprehensive and timely data to CICs on a weekly basis